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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,794	02/28/2004	William Turin	Turin 1999-0078cont	9428
\7590 03/20/2007 Henry T. Brendzel			EXAMINER	
P. O. Box 574			TRAN, KHANH C	
Springfield, NJ 07081			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2611	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/20/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/789,794	TURIN, WILLIAM			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Khanh Tran	2611			
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte afte - If NO - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING IS CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IS CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IS CHEVER IS LONGER AND THE MAILING IS CHEVER IS STATED THE MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to divide apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•					
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28	February 2004				
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) $\boxtimes$ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4) 又	)⊠ Claim(s) <u>23-25</u> is/are pending in the application.					
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
•	Claim(s) <u>23 and 25</u> is/are rejected.					
· · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>24</u> is/are objected to.					
8)[	☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[7]	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.	•			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 February 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ction is required if the drawing(s) is o	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority :	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	□ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmer		_				
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Taper Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6)  Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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The Preliminary Amendment filed on 02/28/2004 has been entered. Claims 23 are pending in this Office actions.

## Claim Objections

2. Claim 23 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 2, "a step" should be changed to -- steps --. Appropriate correction is required.

### **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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3. Claim 25 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,700,937. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 25 differs from claim 2 of U.S. Patent '937' in that claim 25 includes an instruction module in a memory to perform process steps as recited in claim 2 of U.S. Patent '937'. However, because the process steps are performed iteratively, therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to automate the process by implementing the steps as instructions to be executed by a processor such as DSP chip.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claimed subject matter "memory containing an instruction module that performs process step" lacks of support in the original disclosure.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Abbaszadeh U.S. Patent 6,563,877 B1.

Regarding claim 23, in column 1 line 45 via column 2 line 25, Abbaszadeh discusses that optimum symbol decision algorithms, which base their decisions on the *maximum a posteriori probability* (MAP), has been known for several decades. In order to function properly these decoding algorithms need to exchange some kind of soft information. As further discussed by Forney, an optimum output of the inner decoder should be in the form of the sequence of the <u>probability distributions</u> over *the inner code alphabet conditioned on the received signal*, the a posteriori probability (APP) distribution. There have been several attempts to achieve, or at least approach, this goal. In view of that, the decoding output is maximized over <u>probability distributions</u> over the inner code alphabet conditioned on the received signal. The algorithms are performed through iterated stage decoding; see column 2 lines 1-5.

# Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claim 24 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Moher U.S. Patent 6,161,209 discloses "Joint Detector For Multiple Coded Digital Signals".

Chennakeshu et al. U.S. Patent 6,327,317 discloses "Combined Equalization And Decoding Techniques".

Haller et al. U.S. Patent 6,182,261 B1 discloses "Efficient Iterative Decoding".

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khanh Tran whose telephone number is 571-272-3007.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 08:00 AM - 05:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jay Patel can be reached on 571-272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

**KCT** 

03/16/2007

Khanh Tran Primary Examiner, AU 2611